

The Saturn V Launch Vehicle

With a capacity to boost a payload of 260,000 lb. into low Earth orbit, or a 100,000 lb. payload into a lunar trajectory, the Saturn V remains the most powerful launch vehicle yet to leave the Earth's atmosphere. It was capable of placing in orbit a payload more than four times heavier than the future Space Shuttle could lift, and was six times more powerful than the next largest expendable rocket of its day.

The Saturn V was designed by NASA engineers at the Marshall Space Flight Center, (MSFC), in Huntsville, AL, under the direction of Dr. Wernher von Braun. Development began in January, 1962. A total of fifteen vehicles were produced. Thirteen flew missions.

Characteristics

Overall length: 281 ft. (booster), 363 ft. (with spacecraft). Maximum diameter: 33.0 ft. Weight at liftoff: 6,423,000 lbs. Trans-lunar payload capability approximately 107,350 lbs. Earth orbit payload capability, (two stage configuration); 212,000 lbs.

Stages

First Stage, (S-IC);

Contractor: Boeing

Assembled: New Orleans, LA .

Length: 138 ft. Diameter: 33 ft.

Weight: 5,022,674 lbs. fueled / 288,750 lbs. dry.

Engines: F-1 (x5) Designed and manufactured by Rocketdyne, Canoga Park, CA.

Propellants: LOX (Liquid Oxygen) / RP-1 (Kerosene.)

Thrust: 7,610,000 lbs. During the production run, the F-1 was redesigned and up-rated in preparation for the later "J Series" of extended lunar missions. These missions carried heavier

payloads. With up-rated engines, the S-IC produced 7,724,000 lbs. of thrust.

Burn time: 168 seconds, nominal.

Second Stage, (S-II);

Contractor: North American Aviation, (now Rockwell).

Assembled: Seal Beach, CA.

Length: 81.5 ft. Diameter: 33 ft.

Weight: 1,059,171 lbs. fueled / 79,918 lbs. dry.

Engines: J-2 (x5) Designed: MSFC, Rocketdyne. Manufactured: Rocketdyne, Canoga Park, CA.

Propellants: LOX / Liquid Hydrogen

Thrust: 1,150,000 lbs.

Burn Time: 384 seconds, nominal.

Interstage* (S-IC/S-II);

Ullage Motors: eight, (small); AS-501 through AS-509, two (large); AS-510 through AS-515.

Thrust: 1,353 lbs. (small), 8,750 lbs. (large).

Third Stage, (S-IVB);

Contractor: McDonnell-Douglas Assembled: Huntington Beach, CA

Length: 58.3 ft. Diameter: 21.7 ft.

Weight: 260,523 lbs. fueled / 25,000 lbs. dry.

Engine: J-2, (single). Rocketdyne. Propellants: LOX / Liquid Hydrogen

Thrust: 238,000 lbs.

Orbital Insertion Burn (1st): 147 seconds, nominal. Trans-Lunar Injection Burn (2nd): 384 sec., varied per

mission.

Interstage* (S-II/S-IVB);

Ullage Motors: 2. Thrust: 8,081 lbs.

Instrument Unit;

Contractor: IBM

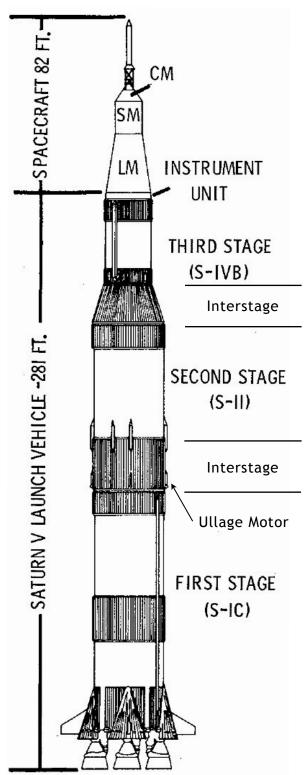
Assembled: Huntsville, AL.

Height: 3 ft. Diameter: 21.7 ft.

Guidance System: Inertial

Ullage Motor; a small solid rocket motor attached to the Interstage. During staging, these motors ignite and burn until the upper stage engines have ignited and reached nominal thrust. Their purpose is threefold;

- 1. Maintain momentum of the remaining vehicle.
- 2. Force the liquid propellants of the upper stage downward against the engine intake valves.
- 3. Insure against accidental collision with the tumbling spent stage.



Saturn V Diagram courtesy NASA, Johnson Space Center, online archive.

^{*} Interstage; a transition cowling, or adapter between stages.

List of Saturn V Flights

1. Vehicle: **AS-501**

Mission: Apollo 4; Prove the integrity of Saturn V and Command Module heat shield. Successful.

Launched: November 9, 1967, 12:00:01 UT, Complex 39A, Kennedy Space Center, FL

Payload: Command/Service Module CSM-017. Simulated Lunar Module designated LTA-10R.

Crew: Unmanned.

Duration: 8 hrs. 37 min. 9 sec. Splashdown: Pacific Ocean.

2. Vehicle: **AS-502**

Mission: **Apollo 6**; Same as Apollo 4. The S-IC experienced severe vibration. Two S-II engines failed. S-IVB motor failed to re-start for its planned second burn. Vertical oscillation in the S-IC, called 'pogo', caused failures in S-II and S-IVB. An extended Service Module burn compensated, allowing Command Module to complete mission. The S-IC was redesigned to eliminate 'pogo' by injecting helium into fuel lines which damped out vibration. On April 27, 1968, NASA Administrator James Webb ordered the next Saturn V to be prepared to carry a human crew.

Launched: April 4, 1968, 12:00:01 UT, Pad 39A, KSC, FL.

Payload: Apollo CM-020, SM-014, Lunar Module Simulator LTA-2R.

Crew: Unmanned.

Duration: 9 hrs. 57 min. 20 sec. Splashdown: Pacific Ocean.

3. Vehicle: **AS-503**

Mission: Apollo 8; First humans to leave Earth's gravitational field and enter lunar orbit. Successful.

Launched: December 21, 1968, 12:51:00 UT, Pad 39A, KSC, FL.

Payload: CSM-103. Ballast to simulate a Lunar Module payload, designated LTA-B.

Crew: Frank Borman, Cdr. James Lovell, CMP. Bill Anders, LMP.

Duration: 147 hrs. 00 min. 42 sec.

Recovered: December 27, 1968, USS Yorktown, 8°7.5'N 165°1.2'W, Pacific Ocean.

4. Vehicle: **AS-504**

Mission: **Apollo 9**; Test of production Lunar Module descent and ascent engines in earth orbit. Full practice of rendezvous and docking procedures necessary for lunar landing. Successful.

Launched: March 3, 1969, 16:00:00 UT, Pad 39A, KSC, FL.

Payload: CSM-104, (Gumdrop), LM-3, (Spider).

Crew: James McDivitt, Cdr. David Scott, CMP. Russell Schweickart, LMP.

Duration: 241 hrs. 00 min. 54 sec.

Recovered: March 13, 1969, USS Guadalcanal, 23°15'N 67°56'W, Atlantic Ocean, (1,000 mi. east of Cape

Canaveral).

5. Vehicle: **AS-505**

Mission: Apollo 10; Full rehearsal of lunar landing maneuvers in lunar orbit. Successful.

Launched: May 18, 1969, 16:49:00 UT, Pad 39B, KSC, FL.

Payload: CSM-106, (Charlie Brown), LM-4, (Snoopy).

Crew: Thomas Stafford, Cdr. John Young, CMP. Eugene Cernan, LMP.

Duration: 192 hrs. 03 min. 23 sec.

Recovered: May 26, 1969, USS Princeton, 15°2'S 164°9'W, Pacific Ocean.

6. Vehicle: **AS-506**

Mission: Apollo 11; First lunar landing, Sea of Tranquility. Successful.

Launched: July 16, 1969, 13:32:00 UT, Pad 39A, KSC, FL.

Payload: CSM-107, (Columbia), LM-5, (Eagle).

Crew: Neil Armstrong, Cdr. Michael Collins, CMP. Edwin Aldrin, LMP.

Duration: 195 hrs. 18 min. 35 sec.

Recovered: July 24, 1969, USS Hornet, 13°19'N 169°39'W, Pacific Ocean, (Southwest of Hawaii).

7. Vehicle: **AS-507**

Mission: **Apollo 12**; Second lunar landing, Ocean of Storms. AS-507 was twice struck by lightning as it left the pad. The crew lost all telemetry and control. As a testament to the integrity of the Saturn V design, they were propelled safely into orbit by the Saturn's inertial guidance system. Once in orbit, telemetry was restored and the mission was successful.

Launched: November 14, 1969, 16:22:00 UT, Complex 39A, KSC, FL.

Payload: CSM-108, (Yankee Clipper), LM-6, (Intrepid).

Crew: Charles Conrad, Cdr. Richard Gordon, CMP. Alan Bean, LMP

Duration: 244 hrs. 36 min. 25 sec.

Recovered: November 24, 1969, USS Hornet, 15°47'S 165°9'W, Pacific Ocean.

8. Vehicle: **AS-508**

Mission: **Apollo 13**; Third lunar landing attempt. Mission aborted due to Service Module failure. Crew recovered safely.

Launched: April 11, 1970, 19:13:00 UT, Pad 39A, KSC, FL.

Payload: CSM-109, (Odyssey), LM-7, (Aquarius).

Crew: Jim Lovell, Cdr. Jack Swigert, CMP. Fred Haise, LMP.

Duration: 142 hrs. 54 min. 41 sec.

Recovered: April 17, 1970, USS Iwo Jima, 21°38'S 165°22'W, Pacific Ocean.

9. Vehicle: **AS-509**

Mission: Apollo 14; Third lunar landing, highlands north of Fra Mauro crater. Successful.

Launched: January 31, 1971, 21:03:02 UT, Complex 39A, KSC, FL.

Payload: CSM-110, (Kitty Hawk), LM-8, (Antares).

Crew: Alan Shepard, Cdr. Stuart Roosa, CMP. Edgar Mitchell, LMP.

Duration: 216 hrs. 1 min. 58 sec.

Recovered: February 9, 1971, USS New Orleans, 21°1'S 172°39'W, Pacific Ocean, (780 mi. south of Samoa).

10. Vehicle: AS-510

Mission: Apollo 15; Fourth lunar landing. First of "J series" extended missions and up-rated Saturn V.

Destination; Hadley Rille, Apennine Mountains. Successful.

Launched: July 26, 1971, 13:34:00 UT, Pad 39A, KSC, FL.

Payload: CSM-112, (Endeavour), LM-10, (Falcon).

Crew: David Scott, Cdr. Alfred Worden, CMP. James Irwin, LMP.

Duration: 259 hrs. 11 min. 53 sec.

Recovered: August 6, 1971, USS Okinawa, 26°17'N 158°8'W, Pacific Ocean, North of Honolulu.

11. Vehicle: AS-511

Mission: Apollo 16; Fifth lunar landing, Descartes Highlands. Successful.

Launched: April 16, 1972, 17:54:00 UT, Pad 39A, KSC, FL.

Payload: CSM-113, (Casper), LM-11, (Orion).

Crew: John Young, Cdr. Ken Mattingly, CMP. Charles Duke, LMP.

Duration: 265 hrs. 51 min. 5 sec.

Recovered: April 27, 1972, USS *Ticonderoga*, 0°43'S 156°13'W, Pacific Ocean.

12. Vehicle: AS-512

Mission: Apollo 17; Sixth lunar landing, Taurus-Littrow Valley. Successful.

Launched: December 7, 1972, Pad 39A, KSC, FL. Payload: CSM-114, (America), LM-12, (Challenger).

Crew: Eugene Cernan, Cdr. Ronald Evans, CMP. Harrison "Jack" Schmitt, LMP.

Duration: 301 hrs. 51 min. 59 sec.

Recovered: December 19, 1972, USS Ticonderoga, 17°53'S 166°7'W, Pacific Ocean.

13. Vehicle: **AS-513** (Originally configured for the cancelled Apollo 18 mission.)

Mission: Skylab 1; Place Skylab 1 in orbit.

Launched: May 14, 1973, 17:30:00 UT, Pad 39A, KSC, FL.

Payload: Skylab orbital workstation in place of third stage (S-IVB).

Crew: Unmanned.

Duration: 9 min. 50 sec. (Lift-off to orbit).

December 16, 1976: Unable to fund Apollo 19 and Apollo 20, NASA Administrator James Fletcher ordered the two remaining Saturn V vehicles, AS-514 and AS-515, to be released to museums. Here is where you can see the remaining Saturn V components;

U.S. Space & Rocketry Center, Huntsville, AL; AS-500D made up of S-IC-D, S-II-F/D, S-IVB-D. All components are test stages, never meant for flight. None the less, it is a full scale Saturn V.

Johnson Space Center, Houston, TX; S-IC from AS-514, S-II from AS-515, S-IVB from AS-513.

Kennedy Space Center Visitor Complex, Cape Canaveral, FL; S-IC-T, (test stage), S-II and S-IVB from AS-514.

NASA Stennis Space Center, Pearlington, MS; S-IC from AS-515. The S-IC was first test fired at this location.

National Air & Space Museum, Washington, DC; S-IVB from AS-515, (converted to Skylab B backup spacecraft).

Steven F. Udvar-Hazy Center, National Air & Space Museum, Chantilly, VA, James S. McDonnell Space Hanger; IBM Instrument Unit.

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Additional Resources;

NASA, Johnson Space Center; online archives.

NASA, Marshall Space Flight Center; online archives.

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